Trial Court Case No. 3AN-21-08869CI

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ALASKA REDISTRICTING BOARD'S MOTION FOR LEAVE TO FILE OVER-LENGTH BRIEF

Appellant Alaska Redistricting Board ("Board") hereby moves, in accordance with Alaska Rule of Appellate Procedure 503 and the Court's Order dated February 22, 2022 ("Order"), for leave to file a petition for review that exceeds the Order's 50-page limitation for petitions. The Board's over-length petition is 77 pages in length.

This Court should give the Board latitude to file its over-length brief given that it is appealing decisions from two separate legal challenges. The Board's petition seeks reversal in two of the five separate cases that were consolidated into one proceeding below: Municipality of Skagway Borough v. Alaska Redistricting Board, 1JU-21-00944CI ("Skagway Challenge") and Felisa Wilson et al. v. Alaska Redistricting Board, 3AN-21-08869CI ("East Anchorage Challenge"). Specifically, the Board's petition seeks reversal of the superior court's decisions in the Skagway Challenge that invalidated House Districts 3 and 4, and its decision in the East Anchorage Challenge that invalidated Senate District K. While the Board endeavored in good faith to limit

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its briefing to 50 pages, it was unable to do so. This Court should grant the Board leave to file its over-length brief that addresses both of these cases in 77 pages.

The substance of the trial court's 171-page Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law also militates in favor of the Board having latitude in the form of additional pages to make its argument. The trial court's decision below expressly finds that House Districts 3 and 4 and Senate District K are consistent with Article VI, Section 6's substantive requirements for elections districts. Nonetheless, in an Alaska redistricting first, the trial court went on to strike these constitutional election districts using a novel, newly announced interpretation of Article VI, Section 10, that mixed statements from the minutes of the 1956 Constitutional Convention, the legislative history of the 1998 Constitutional Amendment that overhauled redistricting in Alaska, and federal caselaw interpreting the federal Administrative Procedures Act.² The trial court also struck down Senate District K on novel equal protection grounds that holds different neighborhoods within the Municipality of Anchorage are constitutionally different "communities of interest." To adequately show the superior court's errors with regard to Section 10 and equal protection, the Board needs more than the 50 pages allowed by the Order.

See Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law, at 42 (upholding Senate District K against Section 6 challenge), and 124 (upholding House Districts 3 and 4 against Section 6 challenge), dated February 15, 2022, attached to the Board's Notice of Appeal dated February 17, 2022.

Id. at 132-143.

1	Therefore, the Board respectfully requests this Court grant the Board leave to
2	file its over-length petition for review that accompanies this motion.
3 4	DATED at Anchorage, Alaska this 2nd day of March, 2022.
5	SCHWABE, WILLIAMSON & WYATT, P.C.
6	Attorneys for Alaska Redistricting Board,
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sacrificing crucial legal analysis. The Board's Petition for Review is 77 pages. Because the Board is appealing what were two separate cases below that were consolidated for trial, this Court should grant it leave to file an over-length petition.

5. The substance of the superior court's 171-page Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law required significant legal analysis from the Board that prevented it from keeping its petition to 50 pages or under. The trial court's decision below expressly finds that House Districts 3 and 4 and Senate District K are consistent with Article VI, Section 6's substantive requirements for elections districts. Yet in a first for Alaska redistricting litigation, the trial court went on to strike these constitutional election districts using a newly announced interpretation of Article VI, Section 10, that mixed statements from the minutes of the 1956 Constitutional Convention, the legislative history of the 1998 Constitutional Amendment that overhauled redistricting in Alaska, and federal caselaw interpreting the federal Administrative Procedures Act. The trial court also struck down Senate District K on novel equal protection grounds that holds different neighborhoods within the Municipality of Anchorage are constitutionally different "communities of interest." To adequately show the errors in

See Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law, at 42 (upholding Senate District K against Section 6 challenge), and 124 (upholding House Districts 3 and 4 against Section 6 challenge), dated February 15, 2022, attached to the Board's Notice of Appeal dated February 17, 2022.

² *Id.* at 132-143.

the trial court's approaches to Section 10 and equal protection, the Board needs more than the 50 pages allowed by the Court's February 22, 2022 Order.

- 6. The Board asks this Court to grant it leave to file its over-length petition for review.
- 7. I declare that the above statements are true to the best of my knowledge and belief, and that I understand that they are made for use as evidence in court and are subject to the penalty of perjury.

Respectfully submitted this 2nd day of March, 2022.

SCHWABE, WILLIAMSON & WYATT, P.C. Attorneys for Alaska Redistricting Board

By:

Matthew Singer, ABA No. 9911072 Email: msinger@schwabe.com

1	IN THE SUPREME COURT FOR THE STATE OF ALASKA
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3	In the Matter of the 2021
4	Redistricting Cases) (Matanuska-Susitna, S-18328))
5	(City of Valdez, S-18329)) Supreme Court No. S-18332 (Municipality of Skagway, S-18330))
6	(Alaska Redistricting Board, S-18332)) (S-18328, S-18329, S-18330,
7) S-18332 consolidated)
8	Trial Court Case No. 3AN-21-08869CI
9	ORDER GRANTING ALASKA REDISTRICTING BOARD'S
10	MOTION FOR LEAVE TO FILE OVER-LENGTH PETITION
11	The Court, upon consideration of Appellant Alaska Redistricting Board's
12	("Board") Motion for Leave to File Over-Length Brief dated March 2, 2022 ("Board's
13	Motion"), and any opposition thereto, hereby GRANTS the Board's Motion. The
14 15	Board's Petition for Review is accepted as attached to the Board's Motion.
16	Entered at the direction of an individual justice this day of March, 2022.
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18	Clerk of the Appellate Courts
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20	Meredith Montgomery
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